MHLG | MENTAL HEALTH LIAISON GROUP

May 29, 2025

Senator Jack Reed 728 Hart Senate Office Building 120 Constitution Avenue, NE Washington, DC 20510 Senator Jerry Moran 521 Dirksen Senate Office Building 100 Constitution Avenue, NE Washington, DC 20510

Dear Senator Reed and Senator Moran:

We write on behalf of the Mental Health Liaison Group (MHLG), a coalition of national organizations representing individuals and families experiencing mental health and substance use challenges, mental health and substance use treatment providers, advocates, and other stakeholders committed to strengthening access to high-quality mental and substance use disorder (SUD) care, to share our strong support for the bipartisan Suicide Prevention Act (S.1062).

This vital legislation would establish a pilot program to expand surveillance of self-harm and suicide attempts in partnership with State, local, Tribal, and territorial public health departments. The bill would also create a grant program to award funds to hospital emergency departments to implement a protocol for preventing suicide among hospital patients after discharge.

State and local public health agencies are currently limited in their abilities to track data on suicidal ideation and self-harm. Data is a key tool in helping to prevent suicide but oftentimes, data on suicide is reported years after the incident took place. This hinders the ability to track and respond to suicide clusters and develop prevention programming for at-risk populations. The pilot program created under this legislation would award grants to state and local public health agencies to gather data on suicidal ideation and self-harm with or without evidence of suicidal intent. This data will then be reported to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) in real time and to data systems that track public health emergencies and suicidal behavior among special populations such as military veterans. This allows the CDC to recognize trends and identify means of intervention. Additionally, it can assist local and state agencies in initiating public health responses. Certain entities will be given priority for these grants including those located in states with a rate of suicidal ideation or behavior that is higher than the national average, communities with a shortage of treatment and prevention services, and communities with low income and high unemployment rates.

This legislation will also create a grant program under the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) to equip hospital emergency departments to prevent suicide among individuals who have visited the department recently. Emergency health care providers are often the first line of defense when it comes to suicide. About 37% of people without prior mental health or substance use disorders who died by suicide had visited an emergency department in the year before their deathⁱ. Funds that are awarded to hospital emergency departments under this MHLG | MENTAL HEALTH LIAISON GROUP

program can be used to screen patients for suicidal ideation, provide patients with short-term suicide prevention services, and refer patients, if necessary, to a long-term care facility. Funds can also be used to train staff to identify signs of suicidal behavior and carry out screening of patients. Additionally, departments can hire new clinical social workers, mental and behavioral health care professionals, and support staff. Lastly, this bill would require SAMHSA to develop best practices for this program to better assist emergency departments with implementation. This program can empower healthcare professionals to catch suicidal ideation early on and prevent future suicide attempts among vulnerable individuals.

We thank you for your leadership, and we look forward to working with you and your staff to pass this important legislation.

Sincerely,

American Association for Marriage and Family Therapy American Association for Psychoanalysis in Clinical Social Work American Association of Psychiatric Pharmacists (AAPP) American Foundation for Suicide Prevention American Mental Health Counselors Association American Psychiatric Association American Psychiatric Nurses Association American Psychological Association Services Anxiety and Depression Association of America Association for Behavioral Health and Wellness Children and Adults with Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder Clinical Social Work Association Crisis Text Line Employees Assistance Professionals Association (EAPA) Fountain House Global Alliance for Behavioral Health and Social Justice Huntington's Disease Society of America Inseparable International Society of Psychiatric-Mental Health Nurses Mental Health America National Alliance on Mental Illness National Association for Rural Mental Health (NARMH) National Association of County Behavioral Health and Developmental Disability Directors (NACBHDD) National Association of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners National Board for Certified Counselors National Council for Mental Wellbeing National Federation of Families National League for Nursing Policy Center for Maternal Mental Health





Psychotherapy Action Network Sandy Hook Promise The Jed Foundation The Kennedy Forum The Trevor Project Trust for America's Health Youth Villages

¹ Olfson M, Gao YN, Xie M, Wiesel Cullen S, Marcus SC. Suicide Risk Among Adults With Mental Health Emergency Department Visits With and Without Suicidal Symptoms. J Clin Psychiatry. 2021 Oct 26;82(6):20m13833. doi: 10.4088/JCP.20m13833. PMID: 34705348; PMCID: PMC8672323